



Colegio Tecnológico Pulmahue

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PRIMERO MEDIO

El objetivo de esta guía es que los estudiantes reconozcan los usos y estructura del presente perfecto transformando verbos y completando textos con la estructura de este tiempo verbal. Para dudas que tengan pueden escribirme un correo a esta dirección: yorka.sepulveda.pulmahue@gmail.com, escribiendo en el asunto el nombre de él o la estudiante y su curso, el horario para correos es de 9am a 7pm. Plazo de entrega: viernes 14 de agosto hasta las 2pm

O.A: Reconocer usos y estructura del presente perfecto

In the **Present Perfect Tense**, the action is complete or has ended and hence termed Perfect. The exact time when the action happened is not important and hence, it is not mentioned in this tense.



Positive Statements

| SUBJECT | HAVE / HAS | VERB (past participle) | REST OF THE SENTENCE |
|--------------|------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| I | have | seen | this movie. |
| You | have | seen | this movie. |
| He | has | seen | this movie. |
| Tom | has | seen | this movie. |
| The boy | has | seen | this movie. |
| She | has | seen | this movie. |
| Anna | has | seen | this movie. |
| The girl | has | seen | this movie. |
| We | have | seen | this movie. |
| You | have | seen | this movie. |
| They | have | seen | this movie. |
| The children | have | seen | this movie. |

Notice that we use: 'have' with the subjects 'I', 'You', 'We' and 'They' / 'has' with the subjects 'He' and 'She'. The verb form remains the same for all subjects.

www.eslgrammar.org



PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

| Form | Structure | Example |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Affirmative | S + have/has + past participle | I have tried sushi before. |
| Negative | S + have/has + not + past participle | I have not tried sushi before. |
| Interrogative | Have/has + S + past participle | Have you tried sushi before? |

ACTIVITIES

1) COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING THE PAST PARTICIPLE OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS.

- The train has _____. We can go out now. (stop)
She isn't ready. She hasn't _____ her cases yet. (pack)
She has _____ some photos. (take)
Sally hasn't _____ yet. Where can she be? (arrive)
I've never _____ to your mother. (speak)
I haven't _____ which shoes to buy yet. (decide)
My father has _____ to Rome. (drive)

2) UNDERLINE THE CORRECT WORDS IN ITALICS.

1. Sarah *has/have* never tasted Japanese food.
2. I haven't *live/lived* in the city before now.
3. Have your parents ever visited Spain? Yes, they *do/have*.
4. *Have/Has* Mary ever stayed in any hotels? Yes, several times.
5. Has Sam ever played golf? No, he *hasn't/doesn't*.

3) MATCH THE SENTENCES TO MAKE SHORT DIALOGUES.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--|
| 1 Have you read Tom's new article? | _____ | a) Oh, what a great prize! |
| 2 She has won a holiday to Spain. | _____ | b) Yes, they've just gone there. |
| 3 Is he ready for the trip to Greece? | _____ | c) Yes, I've been there three times. |
| 4 Are your friends in the USA now? | _____ | d) No, not yet. I haven't had time. |
| 5 Have you ever been to Paris? | _____ | e) Yes, he has already got his passport. |